

# WEEK 2 - Monday

Today we are learning to: understand a news article and adding and subtracting numbers

The materials I will need are: a computer or other device (if you have one), paper and a pencil.

**When searching for anything online ensure that you follow cyber safety rules and get your parent's permission.**

**9:00 – 9:30**

## **Spelling**

Handwriting Hero – Write out your spelling words in your very best handwriting

### **Two syllable homographs**

present	desert
object	subject
content	insert
export	extract
complex	project
protest	minute
produce	perfect
refuse	reject
conduct	research
record	conflict

**9:30 – 10:00**

## **Quiet Reading**

Choose any text to read for enjoyment. Find somewhere comfortable to read. Please remember to keep filling in your reading log.

**Go to Sunshine Online**

**Username – jinibara**

**Password - jinibara**



**HOT TIP - Parents – you can talk to your child about their reading if you have time! Ask about the characters, what is happening in the story, what they are enjoying.....**

**Stop and enjoy a healthy snack break. Do 10 star jumps!**



**10:00 – 10:30**

## **Daily Writing**

What was your favourite part of yesterday?



## 10:30 – 11:00 English

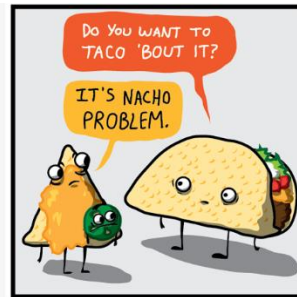
### Puns in Headlines

#### Important Definitions –

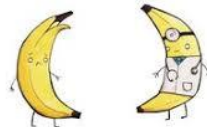
*skimming* — a reading strategy used to get an impression of the main idea of the text. Most people who read newspapers skim through the pages looking for the most interesting-looking articles to read.

*pun* — a play on words often used to create humour

A pun is a joke that makes a play on words, typically by using words that sound similar but have different meanings. It can also use different meanings of the same word to make the saying funny. Sometime writer's use puns in news articles to grab the reader's attention.



WHY DID THE BANANA  
GO TO THE DOCTOR?



IT WASN'T PEELING WELL

I donut



understand puns.

WHAT DO YOU CALL A PIG  
THAT DOES KARATE?



PORK CHOP

Please see complete the worksheet below about Puns!

**Email your teacher with your best pun!!**

Look to see if you can find the pun in the heading in tomorrow's news article!

Stop and have something to eat and go outside and enjoy the fresh air.



12:00 – 1:00

Maths

Warm up

### 5-digit Draw

Big Idea: Number and Place Value

Suits: Years 4-7

Materials:

Number cards marked 0-9

Instructions:

- Shuffle the Number cards.
- Ask 5 students to draw out one card each. After each card is drawn, display it on the board, eg.



- Ask the students: *How could you arrange the cards to make the largest number possible? Eg. 85320. Discuss their strategies for arranging the cards.*
- Ask: *What would the second-largest number be? 58302. What would the third largest number be? 58230. What would the second smallest number be? 02385 (two thousand, three hundred and eighty-five)*
- Confirm the student solutions, allowing students to justify their answers and challenge the answers of others.
- Re-shuffle the cards. Draw five new cards and repeat the steps in the task.

North Coast Region

Mathematics



Addition problem	Show basic fact knowledge	Solve the problem
a. $15\,000 + 3\,000 =$	$15 + 3 = 18$	Think $15 + 3 = 18$ So $15\,000 + 3\,000 = 18\,000$
b. $12\,000 + 8\,000 =$		
c. $17\,000 + 2\,000 =$		

Round each number in the following problems to the nearest 1000. The first one has been done for you. Do **not** solve the number problem.

Addition problem	Rounded addition problem
a. $23\,567 + 12\,345$	$23\,000 + 12\,000$
b. $25\,368 + 13\,452$	
c. $34\,896 + 11\,765$	
d. $59\,345 + 38\,587$	

Round numbers to estimate an answer first, so that you can check your answer is reasonable.

Sometimes, in everyday life, an exact answer to an addition problem is not necessary.

In these cases, we can also use rounding to help us estimate an answer.

For example:

$12\,869 + 24\,125$

$12\,869$  is nearly  $13\,000$        $24\,125$  is close to  $24\,000$

So ...  $13\,000 + 24\,000 = 37\,000$

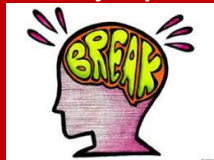
The answer will be close to  $37\,000$ .

**Complete the attached worksheet**

## 1.00-1.30 Music

Choose one activity from the music grid to complete (You should still have the grid from week 1).

**Time for a break! Clean your bedroom! Do 15 star jumps! Help a younger sibling with their school work!**



## 2-3pm Science

In science this term, we are learning about how animals adapt to survive in their environment. An adaptation is a special skill, which helps an animal to survive and do everything it needs to do.

Please read the attached comprehension worksheet and complete!

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Pun with Homophones

### Definitions

**Homophone:** Two or more words that have the same pronunciation but different meanings or spellings.

**Pun:** A joke that uses a homonym or homophones for their humor. *Ex: Why is the pony so quiet? He's a little hoarse.*

Use the homophone pairs to create your own pun.

1. cent / scent

\_\_\_\_\_

2. knight / night

\_\_\_\_\_

3. need / knead

\_\_\_\_\_

4. mourning / morning

\_\_\_\_\_

5. Sunday / sundae

\_\_\_\_\_

I did a theatrical performance about puns.  
Really it was just a play on words.



Example: 4,689 rounded to the nearest 1,000 is 5,000

Round to the nearest ten thousand.

1.  $\underline{8}7,211 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     2.  $7\underline{1}0,565 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     3.  $5\underline{8}0,169 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4.  $4\underline{2}2,798 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     5.  $2\underline{8}8,335 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     6.  $9\underline{0}8,579 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

7.  $9\underline{3}1,268 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     8.  $4\underline{9}2,621 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     9.  $6\underline{2}7,154 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10.  $2\underline{7}4,768 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     11.  $2\underline{2}9,295 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     12.  $7\underline{6}8,194 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

13.  $6\underline{0}5,176 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     14.  $5\underline{4}1,473 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     15.  $4\underline{3}1,586 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

16.  $2\underline{8}5,896 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     17.  $2\underline{7}5,370 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     18.  $5\underline{8}2,072 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

19.  $9\underline{1}4,574 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     20.  $8\underline{2}0,384 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$     21.  $\underline{1}5,850 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

# Sharks

There are more than 500 different species of shark, including the great white shark, grey reef shark, hammerhead shark and tiger shark.

## Where do they live?

Sharks can be found in every ocean.

The most shark attacks have been in Australia, South Africa, America and Brazil.

## What do they eat?

Some types of shark can be deadly, but only about 12 species have ever attacked humans.

What sharks eat depends on its species and where it is.

Most sharks are meat eaters so they like to eat fish and other sharks. Some larger sharks eat dolphins, sea lions and small whales.

Smaller sharks eat small aquatic life like clams and crabs.



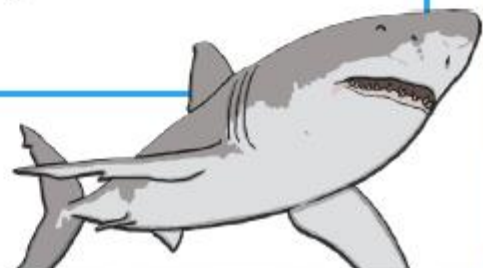
Grey Reef Shark



School of Hammerhead Sharks

## Big Facts

1. A group of sharks is called a shoal, school or shiver.
2. Sharks have a skeleton of cartilage but no bones!
3. A baby shark is called a pup.



### **What are they good at?**

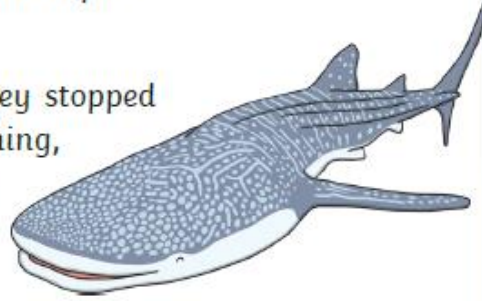
Sharks can smell a single drop of blood in the water from 400 metres away.

They can hear fish moving from around 500 metres away.

Great white sharks can swim up to 18mph!

### **Amazing Fact!**

Most shark species would die if they stopped moving. As long as they keep swimming, water keeps moving over their gills, which keeps them alive.





# Questions about Sharks

1. Name two types of shark.

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2. What can a group of sharks be called?

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3. What don't sharks have in their bodies?

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4. What is a baby shark called?

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5. Which countries have had the most shark attacks?

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6. How many species of shark have ever attacked humans?

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7. Name something a meat eating shark eats.

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8. How fast can great white sharks swim?

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